

### Problem73# 2.2 Solution

The object is to show that, assuming  $\sum(\xi_i/a_i)^2 = 1$ , the equation  $\sum[(\xi_i x_i)/(a_i)^2] = 1$  has only the solution  $x_i = \xi_i$ ,  $i = 1, 2, \dots, n$ .

Now, by Cauchy's inequality

$$1 = \left\{ \sum[(\xi_i/a_i)(x_i/a_i)] \right\}^2 \leq \sum[(\xi_i/a_i)^2] \sum[(x_i/a_i)^2]$$

and we have strict inequality unless  $x_i = t\xi_i$  for all  $i$ , and some scalar  $t$ .

Since  $x$  is to lie on  $E$  we must have  $t = 1$  or  $-1$ . Only the choice  $t = 1$  gives  $x$  on the required hyperplane.

HSS