## Problem session November 27, SF2736, fall 12.

## Please prepare!

- 1. In how many ways can the faces of a tetrahedron be colored in q distinct colors.
- 2. The matrix

$$\mathbf{H} = \left[ \begin{array}{cccccc} 1 & 1 & 1 & 0 & 0 & 0 \\ 1 & 0 & 1 & 1 & 0 & 1 \\ 0 & 1 & 1 & 0 & 1 & 1 \end{array} \right]$$

is the parity-check matrix of an 1-error-correcting code C.

- (a) Find all elements of C.
- (b) Correct the word 011111.
- (c) How many words cannot be corrected.
- 3. Find a linear 1-error-correcting code C of length 9, size |C|=32 and containing the words 111100000 and 110000110.
- 4. For which integers n are there an 1-error-correcting binary code C that can correct all words of length n.
- 5. Find the maximum size of a 2-error-correcting code of length 8.
- 6. Show that

$$\binom{n}{1} + 2\binom{n}{2} + 3\binom{n}{3} + \ldots + n\binom{n}{n} = 2^{n-1}n.$$

7. Solve the recursion

$$u_{n+2} + 8u_{n+1} - 9u_n = 8 \cdot 3^{n+1}, \qquad n = 2, 3, \dots$$

and where  $u_0 = 2$  and  $u_1 = -6$ .

- 8. Find the number of partitions of 16 in which each part is an odd prime.
- 9. Prove that the number of partitions of n in which each part is 1 or 2 is equal to the number of partitions of n + 3 which have exactly two distinct parts.