Homework nr 2

Handed out September 18, 2007 To be handed in October 2, 2007

Computations with the Haar filter using Matlab:

Given input signal A with 128 samples: A(1:83)=(1:83); A(84:128)=40*ones(1,128-83); plot(A);

- 1. Compute all lowpass and highpass coefficients in the wavelet filter tree of A using the Haar filter in 8 levels. Plot the highpass and the lowpass coefficients at each level..
- 2. What is the mean value of the signal A
- 3. How many wavelet coefficidents have absolut value greater than 0, 1, 2, 5 resp. 10?
- 4. Do an exact reconstruction of the signal from the wavelet coefficients.
- 5. Do approximative reconstructions A_K of the signal A with all wavelet coefficients which are greater than K, where K=1,2,5 resp 10. Plot the signalers A,A_1,A_2,A_5 and A_{10} each on single plot and also all together in a joint plott.
- 6. Norm esit mates: Verify that the square sum of the signal A and the square sum of the wavelet cefficients are the identical.
- 7. Error estimates: Compute the square sum of the error $A A_K$ for the approximative reconstruction when K = 1, 2, 5 resp. 10. How large is signal to noise rate (in decibel)

$$SNR = -20^{-10} \log \frac{||A - A_k||}{||f||}$$

Comput the coefficient of the wavelet filter of length 4 using local rotations

(The higpass filter has to have vanishing 0-th och 1-st moments .) Give the answer in exact form (with square-roots)

Computations with wavelet filters of length 4 in Matlab

Do the corresponding exercises with this filter as was described above for the Haar filter Observe: The signal A is thought to be defined for all integes, and that it has value 0 outside the interval [1:128]. Because of that at each level the wavelet filter is generating more coefficients than those coefficients we we considered in the case above whith the Haar filter.